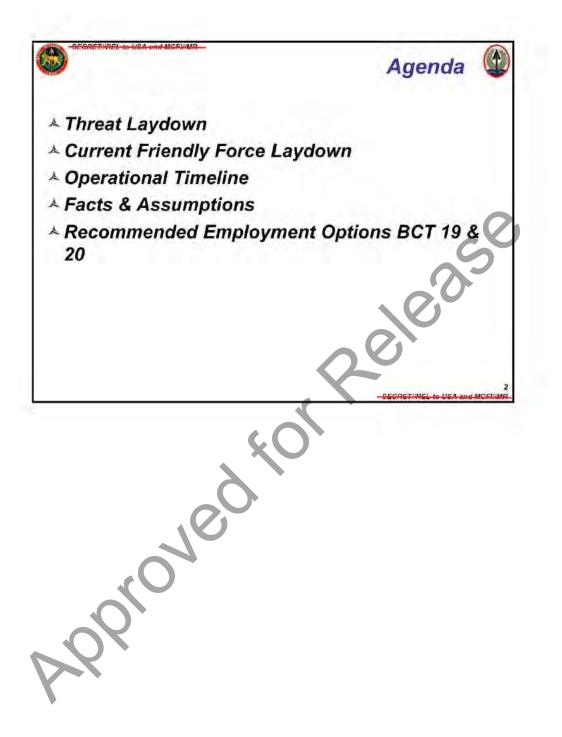
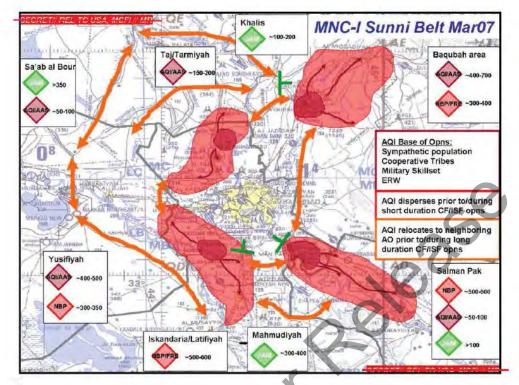
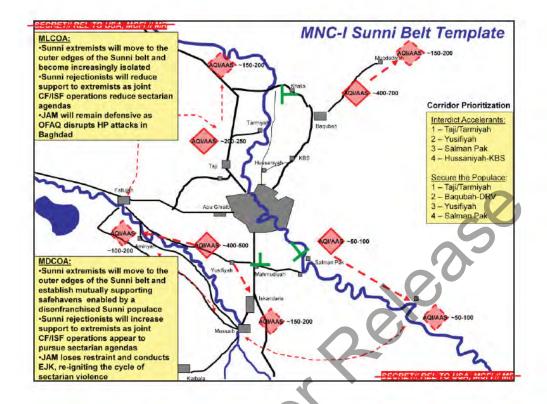
SEGRETWALL 40	UDA and MOFWAR	
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Probler protect	m: How does MNC-I best employ BCT 19 and the population of Baghdad?	20 to tion of this briefing is:
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Sir, I'll cover the threat situation along AAs to Baghdad. This slide has been updated since you last saw it. Specifically, we've added the mobility corridor from the Ramadi-Fallujah approach, where AQI is under pressure, thru Lake Tar Tar, into the Samarra-Balad approach, which is currently more AQI-permissive. And the corridor from the Muqdadiyah – Baqubah approach south into the southern Sunni belt. The darker the area is shaded, the harder AQI has to fight for freedom of movement.

(Build)

The isolation of JAM in Sadr City will limit its ability to reinforce Shia...up in Balad and in the South. JAM will attempt to observe Coalition and ISF operational patterns and adjust its EFP and EJK attacks accordingly.

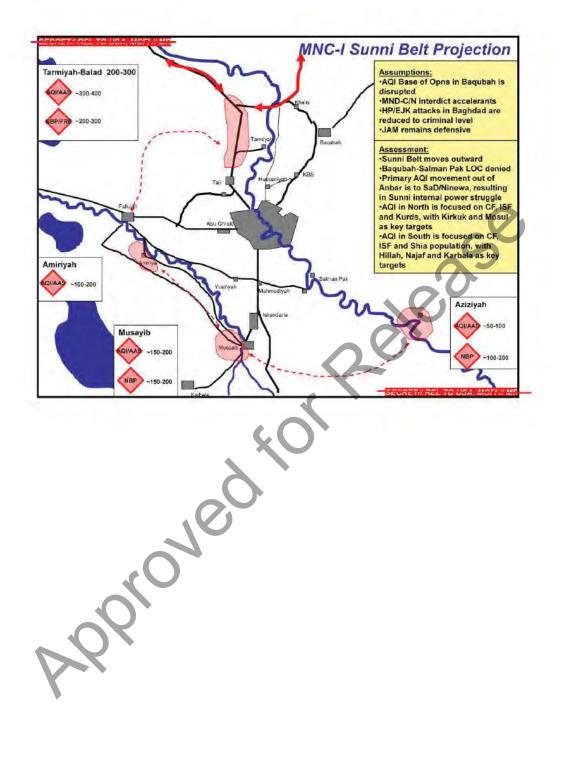
The Coalition's focus on Baghdad and in the North and West may create an opportunity for AQI to conduct HP attacks in Karbala, al Hillah or Najaf.

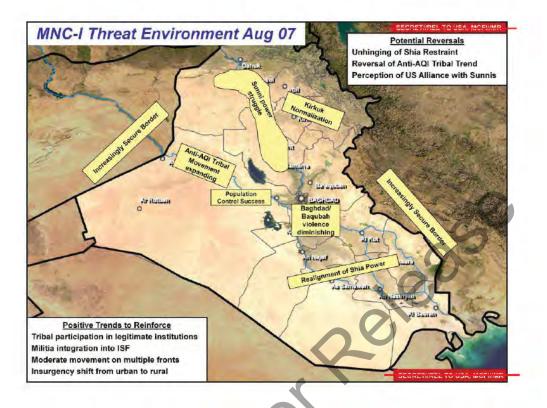
We can expect OMS to complain to the PM that security operations are creating hardships for the people of Baghdad, and call for CFs to cease

operations and withdraw.

Subject to your question, I will be followed by ...

proved for Release





C2 portion will cover three characteristics of the threat environment that will be relevant through at least Spring 07: continuing sectarian violence, potential flashpoints and persistent issues. This map shows the density of attacks against civilians, which is highest in and around Baghdad, in Diyala along the Baqubah-Muqdadiyah corridor and in Balad, and up in the Mosul-Tal Afar area.

Baghdad's sectarian lines will continue to harden, as each sect finds safety in ethnically pure neighborhoods. The mixed neighborhoods will continue to experience high levels of violence as each sect vies for control. Sunni defensive enclaves will be reinforced by Sunni AIF from the Sunni belt. JAM will continue its attempts to expand outward into the Sunni belt and up towards Diyala. JAM's attempts to expand its influence into Diyala will make the Sunni populace more tolerant of Sunni insurgents, setting the conditions for long-term sectarian violence in the area.

The sectarian violence in and around Mosul is of a different nature. Sunni insurgents are competing with both the each other and the ISF for control.

(Build) Potential flashpoints not corresponding to current areas of Sectarian Violence are the proposed Samarra Brigade's deployment to rebuild the Golden Mosque, Kirkuk with multiple groups vying for control of its oil resources, and Fallujah. Fallujah is a test case for the TBS, with Iraqi police and Army within the city, CFs on the outskirts, and multiple Sunni insurgent groups desiring to re-assert influence.

(Build) Persistent issues that will remain a characteristic of the threat environment for the foreseeable future include:

* the energy blackmarket with Bayji as its Center of Gravity

1.4b, 1.4d

test t emists, such as t oy... oy... * intra-Shia competition in the South, especially as JAM tests ISF control in **PIC provinces**

* and Tribes struggling to check the power of extremists, such as SAA acting against AQI

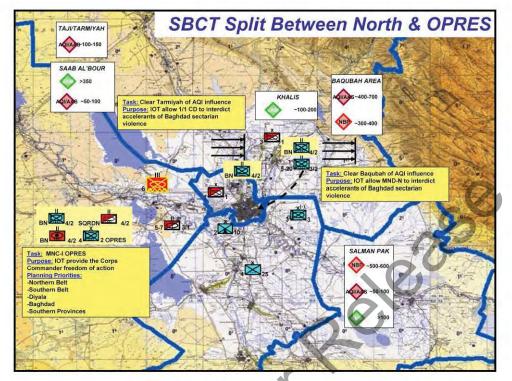
Subject to you questions, I will be followed by ...

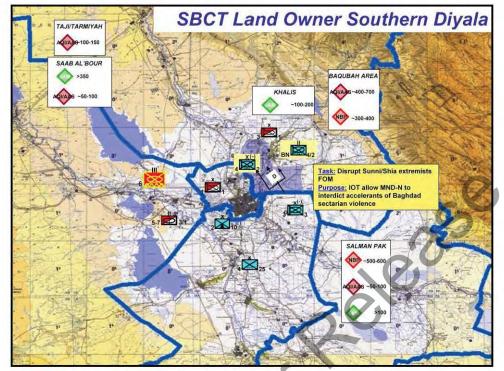


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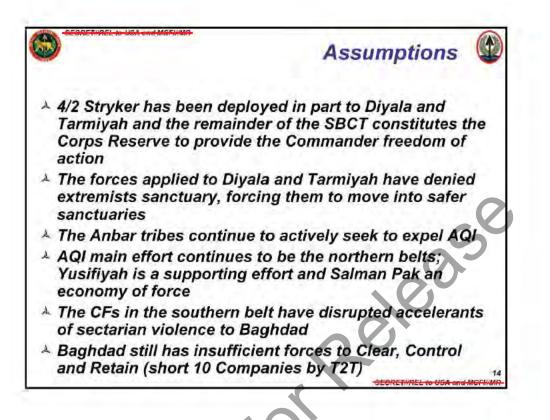




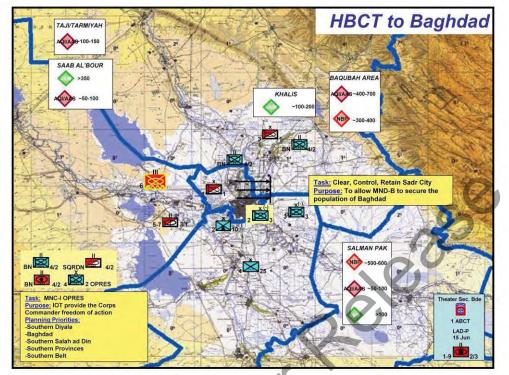


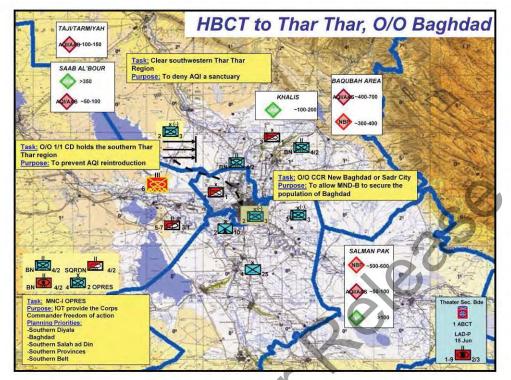


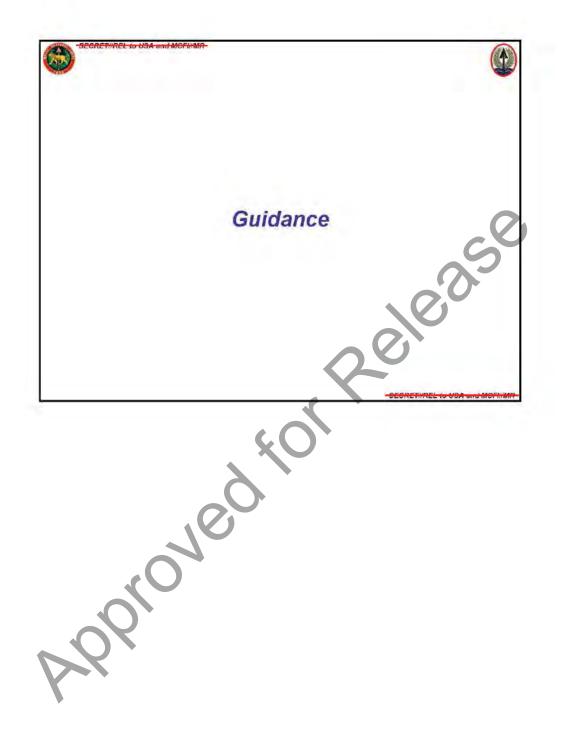


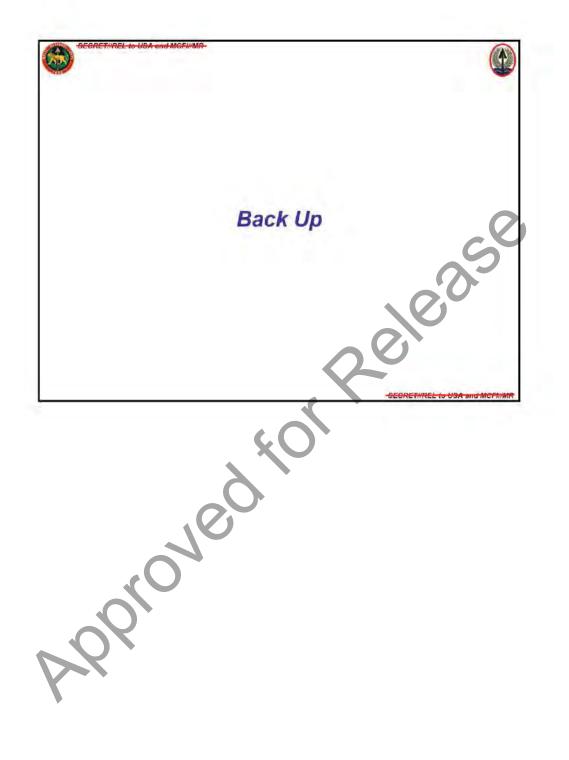


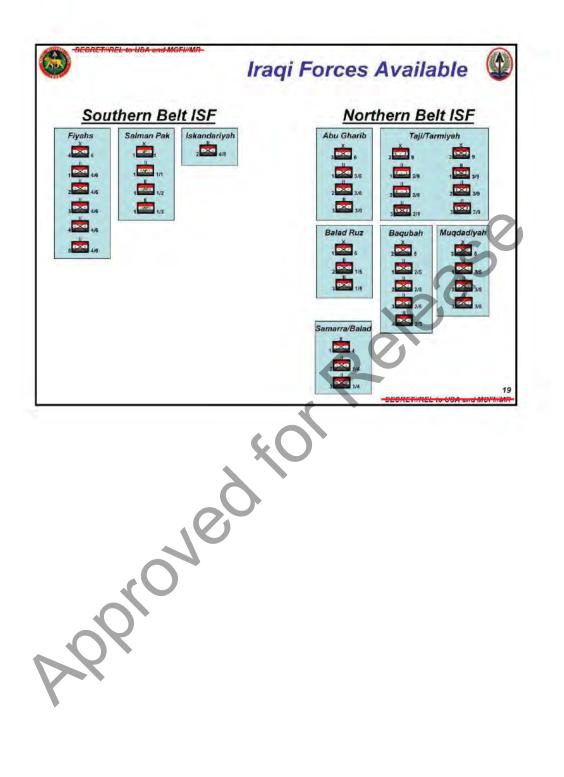
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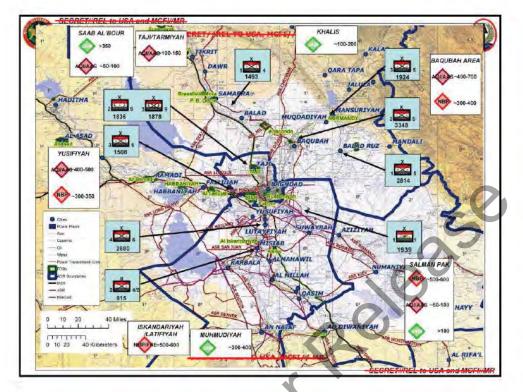












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